TLR-7 based HIV Therapeutic

OCR Number: OCR 6098

Description:

Treatment of HIV infection by inhibiting Toll-like receptor 7 signaling

- Existing anti-viral drugs focus on suppressing viral activity rather than awakening the host’s immune system.
- Activation of the Toll-like receptor 7 (TLR7) on CD4+ T cells results in down-regulation of immune response known as T-cell anergy.
- Inhibitors of TLR7 reverse T-cell anergy caused by HIV infection, as well as reduce HIV activity in both in vitro and ex vivo systems made of cells from HIV patients.
- In vivo study using a humanized mouse model confirms the efficacy of TLR7 blockade in treating HIV infection.
- This mechanism may open a new avenue in the fight against HIV.

![Graph showing viral load comparison between No drug and IRS661](image)

*In vivo proof of concept using a humanized mouse model. Viral load measured in mice infected with HIV-1 in the presence (right) or absence (left) of the TLR7 inhibitor IRS661 after 7 days of infection.*

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Patents: A PCT has been filed.


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